

Date: Wednesday, 21 July 2021

Time: 10.00 am

Venue: Shrewsbury/Oswestry Room, Shirehall, Abbey Foregate, Shrewsbury,

Shropshire, SY2 6ND

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CABINET

TO FOLLOW REPORT (S)

9 Proposed Improvements to Recycling Containers

(Pages 1 - 16)

Lead Member – Councillor Steve Charmley – Portfolio Holder for Physical Infrastructure, Highways and Built Housing

Report of Executive Director of Place TO FOLLOW

Contact: Mark Barrow 01743 258919





Agenda Item 9



Com	mittee	and	Date
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Cabinet 21st July 2021

<u>Item</u>		

PROVISION OF WHEELED BINS FOR KERBSIDE COLLECTION OF PLASTIC, METAL AND GLASS RECYCLING

Responsible Officer Steve Brown

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1. Summary

- 1.1 This report sets out a programme for the provision of a 240-litre wheeled bin for recycling to all Shropshire households that request one. The bins will be an alternative to the boxes currently used to present recyclable glass bottles and jars, metal containers and plastic containers. Feedback from Shropshire residents indicates that this will make recycling more convenient and will also increase the basic capacity available for these waste streams. As a result, there will be a reduction in the amount of Shropshire waste sent for disposal and an increase in the amount recycled.
- 1.2 Veolia operate the kerbside recycling collections on behalf of Shropshire Council. The waste is collected fortnightly in two waste streams, a paper and card mixture using a blue bag, and a plastic, glass, and metal mixture using 55 litre boxes. Generally, there are two boxes per household, but more are provided if required, at no extra cost to the resident. In 2019/20 Veolia collected 14,250 tonnes of plastics, glass, and metals from the kerbside.
- 1.3 In addition, and in response to public comments, the switch to bins from boxes will reduce the amount of waste lost to the recycling process after being blown out of the boxes on windy days. This will improve the cleanliness of the local environment by removing that source of litter and further increase the tonnage of waste recycled by keeping it within the recycling collection system.
- 1.4 The provision of a 240-litre wheeled bin to replace the recycling boxes would:
 - increase the total basic container capacity for plastic, glass and metal from 110 litres to 240 litres
 - make the separation and storage of that waste stream more convenient for residents
 - reduce the amount of windblown litter from the boxes
 - Improve manual handling for residents and waste and recycling crews.

2. Recommendations

- 2.1 Cabinet is requested to approve in principle the use of a 240-litre wheeled bin for recycling, and the intended roll out plan as described in this report, subject to funding of the project being identified and approved.
- 2.2 Cabinet is requested to determine its preference for funding this initiative, with options being:
 - a) The Council bearing the cost of the initiative, which has been estimated at £2.932m. This option would require material changes to be made to the Financial and Capital Strategies to take account of the cost. An additional capital cost of £2.932m would be likely to result in an additional revenue cost of £0.335m per annum for ten years. Revised Financial and Capital Strategies will require full Council approval.

OR:

b) Full cost recovery, whereby a charge is made to residents which covers the full cost of the bin. A charge for supply and delivery between £23 - £28, once finalised, would be agreed by the Director of Place in consultation with the Portfolio Holder for Climate Change, Natural Assets & The Green Economy, should the rollout of the initiative take place within the 2021/22 financial year.

REPORT

3. Risk Assessment and Opportunities Appraisal

(NB This will include the following: Impact on Children and Vulnerable Adults, Risk Management, Human Rights, Equalities, Community and other Consultation)

- 3.1 The key risk associated with the use of bins is the potential for higher contamination levels, where non-recyclable material such as general refuse is mixed with recyclable waste. This can hinder the recycling process and on a large scale can result in whole loads of material being sent for disposal. The use of bins means that there is less opportunity for loaders to detect non-target material and either remove it or reject the specific container.
- 3.2 This risk is reduced in Shropshire as the current system has been in place for several years and residents are familiar with the accepted material streams. Further mitigation will be provided as loaders will be able to identify some contaminants as they are tipped and then use an established system of binhangers to advise householders of which material streams are accepted in the bin and a warning that if misuse persists the bin will be removed or not emptied.

- 3.3 The use of bins will not be compulsory. Some residents may not be able to use a bin due to housing layout or the lack of storage space for the bin. These residents will be able to continue to use their existing waste containers as will those residents who simply prefer to use boxes.
- 3.4 Turning to equality and social inclusion implications, a screening Equality and Social Inclusion Impact Assessment has been carried out and is attached as appendix to this Cabinet report. As the use of bins rather than boxes will reduce the bending and lifting involved in presenting waste for recycling, this will benefit residents who have difficulty with this activity. There are therefore predicted positive impacts for the Protected Characteristic groupings of Age, Disability, and Pregnancy and Maternity. This is also the case for the collection crew, presenting positive health and well-being impacts
- 3.5 The positive impacts of the service change will be explained by a communications plan to encourage residents to request a bin for recycling and maximise take-up of the container. Residents will be asked to request a bin via an online form but the CSC will also be available to receive requests by or on behalf of those residents who do not have access to the internet, or who have difficulty in using it, for example older people, people in rural areas without access to reliable digital connectivity.
- 3.6 If the option is taken to charge for the bin, there is a potential reputational risk that the Council is providing a two-tier service that potentially disadvantages those on lower incomes. These households are a grouping considered in our additional category in Shropshire, of Social Inclusion. Further to that, the forecast level of take up, currently forecast to be 80%, is also likely to be reduced, reducing any potential benefits of an increased recycling rate.

4. Financial Implications

4.1 Based on an estimate of 80% of Shropshire households (116,762 properties) requesting a bin, Veolia estimates the following costs for a mass rollout:

	Unit Cost	Quantity	Total
Bin Supply	£ 17.65	116,762	£ 2,060,856.36
Delivery Cost	£ 2.48	116,762	£ 289,570.75
Supervision	£ 0.25	116,762	£ 29,190.60
		Grand Total	£ 2,350,427.11

4.2 This price includes the economies of scale associated with bulk purchase and delivery, with bins picked up directly from a manufacturer in Telford. The price for delivery of smaller quantities for later requests would be higher, with costs subject to further negotiation. It is suggested that requests made after a fixed cut-off date would be grouped and delivered when an economic quantity is reached. This may cause delays to delivery but would minimise costs. This is included in the total estimated cost given below. Also, the estimate above is based on current prices and it should be noted that a projected shortage of

- suitable pelletised plastic in the coming months may increase the cost of bin supply by up to 50p per unit
- 4.3 To be prudent, the Council will work on the basis of 140,444 households (96.7%) taking up the offer of the new bin from the outset, which is estimated to cost a total of £2.932m including the 50p contingency related to plastic prices. Unless, a charge is made to residents for the cost of the bins, this cost will be borne by the Council. It is possible to capitalise this cost. An additional capital cost of £2.932m would need to be funded through borrowing. The implication would be that the Council's revenue budget would repay the loan over the period of the assets' life. The length of asset life could be determined by the manufacturer's guarantee. MRP and interest charges on a loan of £2.932m, at an interest rate of 2.5%, would result in an additional revenue budget pressure as follows:

Asset Life	Estimated MRP and Interest Charge
	Cost (Revenue Cost) per Annum
10 years	£335,007
15 years	£236,807
20 years	£188,079

- 4.4 It has been agreed with Veolia that the replacement of lost or damaged bins will be included as part of the existing Unitary Charge for the service and involve no extra cost to the Council. The delivery of bins to new build properties will also be included.
- 4.5 Should the new recycling bins result in a change in residents' behaviour, there would be a financial benefit to the Council of approximately £84,000 for every 1,000 tonnes of waste diverted from the residual bin to the recycling bin. This is primarily through the sale of the capacity at the Energy Recovery Facility which would be freed up by reducing the amount of residual waste collected from the kerbside.
- 4.6 It is not possible to be definitive in calculating the weight of waste diverted as a result of switching containers due to the difficulty in predicting the impact on residents' behaviour. If there were a 5% increase in the recycling stream that would equate to a financial benefit of £60,000 per annum, a 10% increase in the recycling stream would equate to a financial benefit of £120,000 per annum, and a 15% increase in the recycling stream would equate to a financial benefit of £180,000 per annum.
- 4.7 The direct financial impact on Council budgets of the cost of the bins would be removed if residents were charged the full cost of manufacturing and delivering the bins. Charging residents to buy their bin would mean that the project would be cost neutral to the Council. The unit cost of the bins would be higher than that shown in the table above, for the following reasons
 - a) A charge is likely to reduce the total quantity ordered and therefore some economies of scale will be lost both in manufacture and delivery

- b) Use of a unique identifier on the bin to minimise the impact of theft, e.g. a serial number imprinted on the bin, secure sticker, or RFID chip, which would link the bin to the resident who purchased it.
- c) The online request form for the bin would need to include the ability to accept payment, which would increase cost and timescale. The impact on the Customer Service Centre would also increase if their role were to be extended to include receipt of payment.
- 4.8 Discussions with Veolia indicate that a charge to the resident of between £23 and £28 per bin would cover all costs. The final charge would be agreed by the Director of Place in consultation with the Portfolio Holder for Climate Change, Natural Assets & The Green Economy, assuming that the rollout of the initiative takes place within the 2021/22 financial year.

5. Veolia Contract Implications

5.1 Discussions with Veolia on this issue have identified that there are no requirements for a change or amendment to the existing contract. The consequences of this report remain within the scope of the existing contract and as stated any additional replacement, lost or stolen bins will be replaced by Veolia.

6. Climate Change Appraisal

6.1 The key climate change benefit of this proposal is the opportunity to divert more waste from disposal to recycling. This move will reduce the carbon impacts of the manufacturing process for packaging by replacing the resource intensive extraction and processing of virgin raw materials with containers made entirely or in part with recycled material.

7. Background

- 7.1 A customer satisfaction survey for the waste service conducted in 2018 included the question "What would make it easier to recycle at home?" 45% of the responses stated that this would be achieved using a wheeled bin for recycling.
- 7.2 For several years there has been consistent feedback on the Council's social media channels from residents suggesting a bin for plastics, glass, and cans would reduce wind-blown litter from the open boxes currently used to collect these waste streams from the kerbside.
- 7.3 Further to this local interest, the latest government recycling tables for English Local Authorities covering 2019/20, show that all of the top five performing Councils (Three Rivers, Vale of White Horse, South Oxfordshire, East Riding of Yorkshire, and St. Albans) use a bin for collecting dry recycling.

- 7.4 It is apparent that the bin provides both increased convenience and greater capacity to divert more target material from the residual waste stream to recycling.
- 7.5 Around 2,500 tonnes of metal are recovered from the incineration process Energy Recovery Facility (ERF) bottom ash after processing. This indicates that recyclable material is still being put in the residual bin and although the metals can be recovered post-incineration the glass and plastics cannot. Diverting the metals mentioned would not impact on the Council's recycling rate but it would free up more capacity for third party waste to generate income.
- 7.6 If a charge is made for the bin it would become the property of the resident concerned. This is not the case with all other containers used in the service which remain the property of Shropshire Council. A further decision would have to be made on whether the resident would be charged for a replacement bin in the event of loss or damage.

8. Rollout Programme

- 8.1 Discussions with Veolia indicate that with an 80% take up by residents (c. 117,000 properties) a rollout of the scheme would be completed in around 6 months from an order being placed with the manufacturer, including 2 months for preparation and 4 months for deliveries.
- 8.2 Residents will be asked to request a bin via an online form developed by the Councils in-house IT Team. This timescale does not include the design and build of the form. The timescales and costs of this are being discussed with the Digital Transformation Team.
- 8.3 In order to facilitate an effective delivery mechanism there would be a fixed time frame for requests to be made. This time frame would be publicised to residents via a communications plan to ensure that most orders could be received and actioned within the six-month timescale mentioned above.
- 8.4 Orders received after the deadline will be held and fulfilled after the initial rollout is complete. These bins would be delivered in batches to minimise cost and environmental impact.
- 8.5 The bin will be 240 litres, the same as those in standard use for residual and garden waste. They will have a grey body with a purple lid, to differentiate them from the other bins in use. The lid colour has been chosen so as not to conflict with the Waste Resources Action Programme (WRAP) national colour schemes for recycling and anticipating more moves towards standardisation as part of the collection consistency model.
- 8.6 Residents would be encouraged to retain and re-use the existing collection boxes for different purposes. In the event of significant demand for residents to dispose of boxes they could be delivered to any of the county's five

Household Recycling Centres and then recycled at Veolia's plastics reprocessing facility.

9. Conclusions

- 9.1 The provision of bins for recycling responds directly to comments by residents. The bins also offer the opportunity to divert waste from the residual waste stream to recycling and to reduce the amount of recyclable material blown out of the collection boxes.
- 9.2 The rollout plan described in this report provides the basis for development into an operationally achievable programme.

List of Background Papers (This MUST be completed for all reports, but does not include items containing exempt or confidential information)

n/a

Cabinet Member (Portfolio Holder) Councillor Ian Nellins

Local Member - All Councillors

Appendices

Appendix 1 - Equality and Social Inclusion Impact Assessment (ESIIA)



Appendix 1 Shropshire Council Equality and Social Inclusion Impact Assessment (ESIIA) Part One Screening Record

A. Summary Sheet on Accountability and Actions

Name of proposed service change PROVISION OF WHEELED BINS FOR KERBSIDE COLLECTION OF PLASTIC, METAL, AND GLASS RECYCLING

Name of lead officer carrying out the screening	
Paul Beard	

Decision, review and monitoring

Decision	Yes	No
Part One ESIIA Only?	Yes	
Proceed to Part Two Full		
Report?		

If completion of a Part One assessment is an appropriate and proportionate action at this stage, please use the boxes below and sign off as indicated. If a Part Two report is required, please move on to separate full report stage.

Actions to mitigate negative impact or enhance positive impact of the service change in terms of equality and social inclusion considerations

As the use of bins rather than boxes will reduce the bending and lifting involved in presenting waste for recycling, this will benefit residents who have difficulty with this activity. There are therefore predicted positive impacts for the Protected Characteristic groupings of Age, Disability, and Pregnancy and Maternity. This is also the case for the collection crew, presenting positive health and well being impacts.

If a charge were to be made for the bins, there would be a potential negative impact for low income households, who are a grouping considered in our additional category in Shropshire, of Social Inclusion.

Actions to review and monitor the impact of the service change in terms of equality and social inclusion considerations

The positive impacts of the service change will be explained by a communications plan to encourage residents to request a bin for recycling and maximise take-up of the container

Residents will be asked to request a bin via an online form but the CSC will also be available to receive requests by or on behalf of those residents who do not have access to the internet or who have difficulty in using it.

The Waste Management Unit will continue to invite customer feedback on the service change directly and from the CSC and Complaints sections. Support from the Portfolio Holder and from local Shropshire Council councillors as community leaders will also aid in emphasising the positive impacts of this service change and picking up on any concerns or issues arising, as part of ongoing engagement with communities.

The Council will continue to seek out and share practice on this service change with other local authorities, particularly those which are large and sparsely populated rural unitary authorities such as ourselves.

Associated ESIIAs

Bring Banks ESIIA (2018)

Climate Change Strategy ESIIA (2020)

Actions to mitigate negative impact, enhance positive impact, and review and monitor overall impacts in terms of climate change considerations, health and well being impacts, and any other considerations

The key climate change benefit of this proposal is the opportunity to divert more waste from disposal to recycling. This move will reduce the carbon impacts of the manufacturing process for packaging by replacing the resource intensive extraction and processing of virgin raw materials with containers made entirely or in part with recycled material.

The positive impacts on recycling tonnages and litter will be used as part of the communications campaign supporting the rollout of this service change.

In addition, and in response to public comments, the proposed switch to bins from boxes will reduce the amount of waste lost to the recycling process after being blown out of the boxes on windy days. This will improve the cleanliness of the local environment by removing that source of litter and further increase the tonnage of waste recycled by keeping it within the recycling collection system.

If the option is taken to charge for the bin there is a potential reputational risk that the Council is providing a two-tier service that potentially disadvantages those on lower incomes. Further to that, the forecast level of take up, currently forecast to be 80%, is also likely to be reduced, reducing any potential benefits of an increased recycling rate.

There are health and well being benefits anticipated for the crews as well as for householders, as the reduction in bending and lifting associated with the replacement of boxes with bins will impact positively on them and reduce the risks associated with the collection activity.

Scrutiny at Part One screening stage

People involved	Signatures	Date
Paul Beard, Waste Contracts Manager	P. Leen.	13 th July 2021
Any internal support*		
Any external support** Mrs Lois Dale, Rurality and Equalities Specialist	Lois Dale	13 th July 2021

^{*}This refers to other officers within the service area

Sign off at Part One screening stage

Name	Signatures	Date
Paul Beard, Waste Contracts Manager	P. Leen.	13 th July 2021
Accountable officer's name*		

^{*}This may either be the Head of Service or the lead officer

B. <u>Detailed Screening Assessment</u>

Aims of the service change and description

The aim of this service change is to provide a 240-litre wheeled bin for recycling to all Shropshire households that request one. The bins will be an alternative to the boxes currently used to present recyclable glass bottles and jars, metal containers, and plastic containers. Feedback from Shropshire residents indicates that this will make recycling more convenient and will also increase the basic capacity available for these waste streams. As a result, there will be a reduction in the amount of Shropshire waste sent for disposal and an increase in the amount recycled.

^{**}This refers either to support external to the service but within the Council, eg from the Rurality and Equalities Specialist, or support external to the Council, eg from a peer authority

Veolia operate the kerbside recycling collections on behalf of Shropshire Council. The waste is collected fortnightly in two waste streams, a paper and card mixture using a blue bag, and a plastic, glass, and metal mixture using 55 litre boxes.

The provision of a 240-litre wheeled bin to replace the recycling boxes would:

- increase the total basic container capacity for plastic, glass, and metal from 110 litres to 240 litres
- make the separation and storage of that waste stream more convenient for residents
- reduce the amount of windblown litter from the boxes.
- Improve manual handling for residents and waste and recycling crews.

Intended audiences and target groups for the service change

The service change will be targeted at every Shropshire household that uses kerbside boxes to present waste for recycling.

Evidence used for screening of the service change

A customer satisfaction survey for the waste service conducted in 2018 included the question "What would make it easier to recycle at home?" 45% of the responses stated that this would be achieved using a wheeled bin for recycling.

For several years there has been consistent feedback on the Council's social media channels from residents suggesting a bin for plastics, glass, and cans would reduce wind-blown litter from the open boxes currently used to collect these waste streams from the kerbside.

Further to this local interest, the latest government recycling tables for English Local Authorities covering 2019/20, show that all of the top five performing Councils (Three Rivers, Vale of White Horse, South Oxfordshire, East Riding of Yorkshire, and St. Albans) use a bin for collecting dry recycling.

Specific consultation and engagement with intended audiences and target groups for the service change

Whilst there has not been specific consultation with households on this matter since 2018, the consistent feedback referred to above indicates that there would be support from households for this move to bins.

Engagement at senior level with Veolia with regard to workforce health and well being indicates that the use of bins would be popular with the crews and safer due

to the reduction in bending and lifting. In terms of consultation, Veolia report that two thirds of the workforce already successfully use bins to collect refuse and organic waste and that is does not therefore present any challenges due to changes in practice. An action to assess positive health and well-being impacts of the change would be to invite feedback from the workforce through established staff communication channels eg team meetings and report this back to the Council accordingly.

Initial assessment for each group

Please rate the impact that you perceive the service change is likely to have on a group, through inserting a tick in the relevant column. Please add any extra notes that you think might be helpful for readers.

Protected	High	High	Medium	Low positive
Characteristic groups	negative	positive	positive or	or negative
and other groups in	impact	impact	negative	impact
Shropshire	Part Two	Part One	impact	Part One
	ESIIA	ESIIA	Part One	ESIIA
	required	required	ESIIA required	required
Age (please include children, young people, people of working age, older people. Some people may belong to more than one group eg child for whom there are safeguarding concerns eg older person with disability)			Y Making service easier to use by reduced bending and lifting associated with kerbside	
Disability (please include: mental health conditions and syndromes including autism; physical disabilities or impairments; learning disabilities; Multiple Sclerosis; cancer; HIV)			boxes Y Making service easier to use by reduced bending and lifting associated with kerbside boxes	
Gender re-assignment (please include associated aspects: safety, caring responsibility, potential for bullying and harassment)				Y This service change is not anticipated to impact specifically on this group

Marriage and Civil			Y This same is a
Partnership (please include associated aspects: caring			This service change is not
responsibility, potential for bullying and harassment)			anticipated to
and narassment)			impact
			specifically
			on this group
Pregnancy & Maternity		Υ	
(please include associated aspects: safety, caring		Making	
responsibility, potential for bullying		service easier	
and harassment)		to use by	
		reduced	
		bending and	
		lifting associated	
		with kerbside	
		boxes	
Race (please include: ethnicity,			Υ
nationality, culture, language,			This service
gypsy, traveller)			change is not
			anticipated to
			impact
			specifically
Delinian and helief			on this group
Religion and belief (please include: Buddhism,			This service
Christianity, Hinduism, Islam,			change is not
Judaism, Non conformists; Rastafarianism; Sikhism, Shinto,			anticipated to
Taoism, Zoroastrianism, and any others)			impact
,			specifically
			on this group
			.,
Sex (please include associated aspects: safety, caring			Y This convice
responsibility, potential for bullying			This service change is not
and harassment)			anticipated to
			impact
			specifically
			on this group
Sexual Orientation			Υ .
(please include associated aspects: safety; caring			This service
responsibility; potential for bullying			change is not
and harassment)			anticipated to
			impact
			specifically
Other: Social Inclusion			on this group Y
(please include families and friends			1
with caring responsibilities; people			

with health inequalities; households in poverty; refugees and asylum seekers; rural communities; people for whom there are safeguarding concerns; people you consider to be vulnerable)	Low income households may not have access to the bin if a charge is made for it.
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Identification of likely impact of the service change in terms of other considerations

There are health benefits anticipated for the crews, as the reduction in bending and lifting associated with the replacement of boxes with bins will impact positively on them and reduce the risks associated with the collection activity.

There are also health benefits for individuals in households, for whom again usage of bins will be easier in terms of bending than applies with usage of boxes.

